Problem 1 [20 Marks] Body ACD is pinned at A and is rotating with an angular velocity of $\omega = 3$ rad/s (as shown) at this instant. Bar BE slides through tube CD, such that, at this instant, the velocity of B is purely in the \hat{j} -direction, and the acceleration of B is zero (as observed from the fixed frame). Find the vectors for the velocity and acceleration of B in the rotating frame, $(\vec{v}_{B/A})_{x'y'z'}$ and $(\vec{a}_{B/A})_{x'y'z'}$, and the angular acceleration of ACD, $\vec{\alpha}$, at this instant. Distance $d_1 = 0.5$ m. [Reminder – include vector directions and units in your answer].



$$0 = -0.5 \propto \hat{j} + 0.5 \propto \hat{l} + 4.5 \hat{l} + 4.5 \hat{j} - 9 \hat{j} + (a_{B/A})_{x'y'z'} \hat{l}$$

Problem 1 continued

Components:

$$f: 0 = 0.5 \propto + 4.5 + (a_{BAA})x'y'z'$$

$$f: 0 = -0.5 \propto + 4.5 - 9$$

$$f: 0 = -0.5 \propto + 4.5 - 9$$

$$f: 0 = -4.5 \qquad x = -9$$

$$\boxed{\vec{x} = -9 \operatorname{rad}/s^{2} \vec{k}}$$
Fr. $t \Rightarrow 0 = -4.5 + 4.5 + (a_{B/A})x'y'z'$

$$\boxed{(\vec{a}_{B/A})x'y'z' = 0}$$