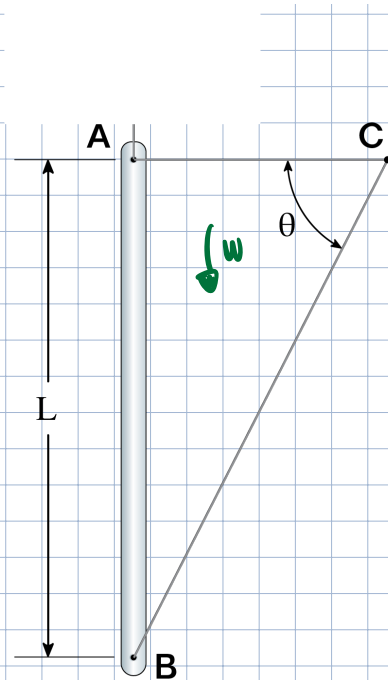
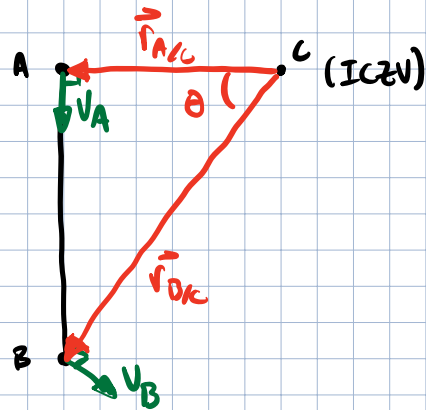


The rod is rotating with an angular velocity of $\omega = 2 \text{ rad/s}$ about C. If the angle $\theta = 60^\circ$ and the length of the rod $L = 1 \text{ m}$, find the velocities of the points A and B.



$$\vec{v}_A = \vec{v}_C + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{A/C}$$

$$\vec{v}_A = \left(2 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \hat{k} \right) \times \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}}{\tan 60^\circ} \right) (-\hat{i}) = \boxed{-1.15 \hat{j} \text{ m/s} = \vec{v}_A}$$

$$\vec{v}_B = \vec{v}_C + \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r}_{B/C}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{v}_B &= \left(2 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{s}} \hat{k} \right) \times \left[\frac{1}{\tan 60^\circ} (-\hat{i}) + (1 \text{ m}) (-\hat{j}) \right] \\ &= (2 \hat{k}) \times (-0.577 \hat{i} - 1 \hat{j}) = -1.154 \hat{j} + 2 \hat{i} \text{ m/s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{v}_B = 2 \hat{i} - 1.154 \hat{j} \text{ m/s}}$$